

Legislation and Pig Production

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Agenda

- A little about me
- Antimicrobials in pig production
- Pig welfare
- Discussion











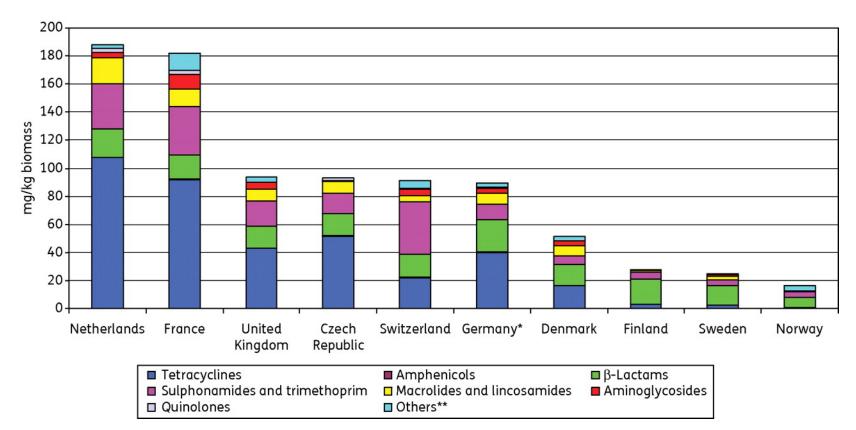
Antimicrobial use in EU pig production

- Increase in multi- resistant organisms
- Consumer concern about the necessity to use antimicrobials
- The EU banned antimicrobials for growth promotion with effect from 2006.
- Initially this had little impact on overall use
- It is likely that national initiatives will have a more profound impact.



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Amounts, in mg, of veterinary antibacterial agents sold in 2007 per kg biomass of pig meat, poultry meat and cattle meat produced plus estimated live weight of dairy cattle. *2005 data.



Grave K et al. J. Antimicrob. Chemother. 2010;65:2037-2040

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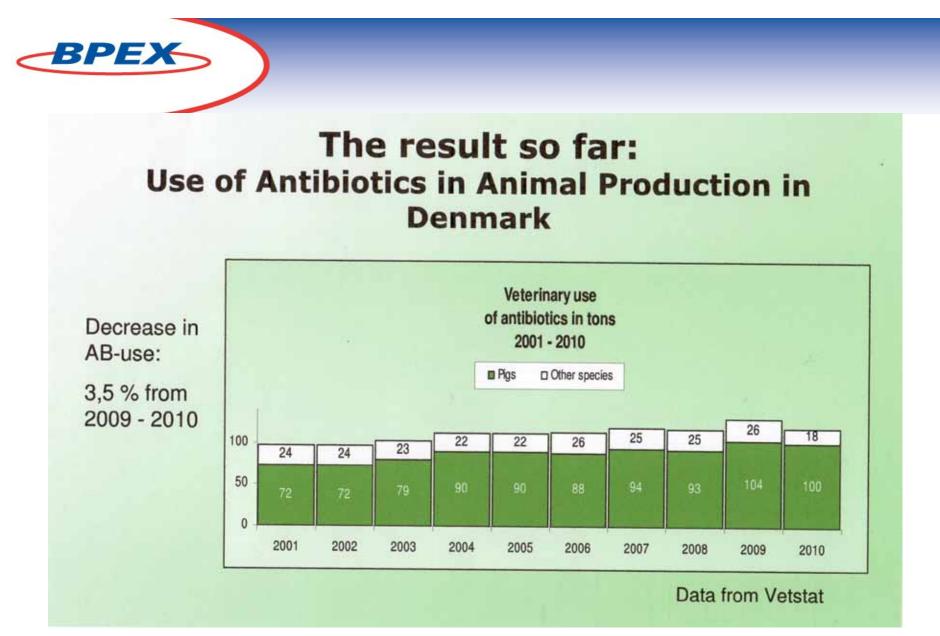
Antimicrobial use in EU pig production – national examples

 The Netherlands have set up the SDa – The Animal Drug Authority – which is an independent organisation with the task of reducing antibiotic use. It has set a benchmark (2009) and a target to reduce use by 20% in 2011 and by 50% by 2015

BPE

- The Declaration of Den Bosch (a supply chain initiative in the Netherlands) has gone further and declared that producers will aim to use antibiotics only for the treatment of sick animals and that certain active ingredients that are of importance in human medicine will be banned in livestock production
- Denmark has introduced a new surveillance system to record the use of antibiotics on farm and then to issue escalating warnings (Yellow card / Red card) and require action if use is considered too high





Source: Blaha, Thomas DVM, Ph.D., Dipl. ECPHM andECVPH University of Veterinary Medicine Hannover, Germany –Field Station for Epidemiology. After Tim Pederson





Antimicrobial use in EU pig production – EU activity

The future will see greater pressure to reduce the use of antimicrobials.

For example on 17 November the EU Commission tabled an Action Plan on Antimicrobial Resistance.

This calls on Member States and stakeholders to adopt a 12 point plan including the prudent use of antimicrobials in veterinary medicine and strengthened surveillance systems on antimicrobial consumption



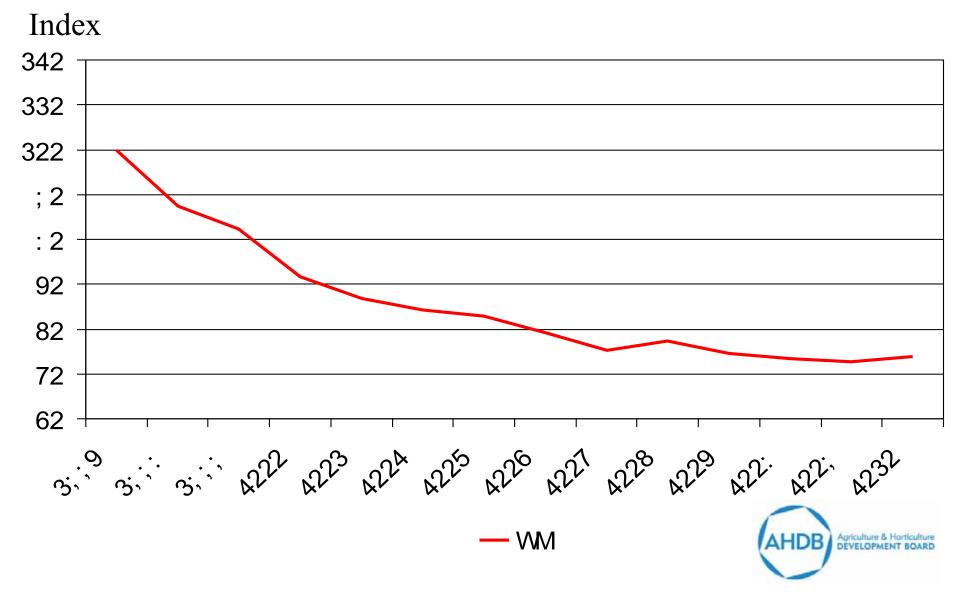
Pig Welfare – British Experience

 The British are regarded as a nation of animal lovers. The RSPCA was formed in 1824 and became a Royal society in 1840

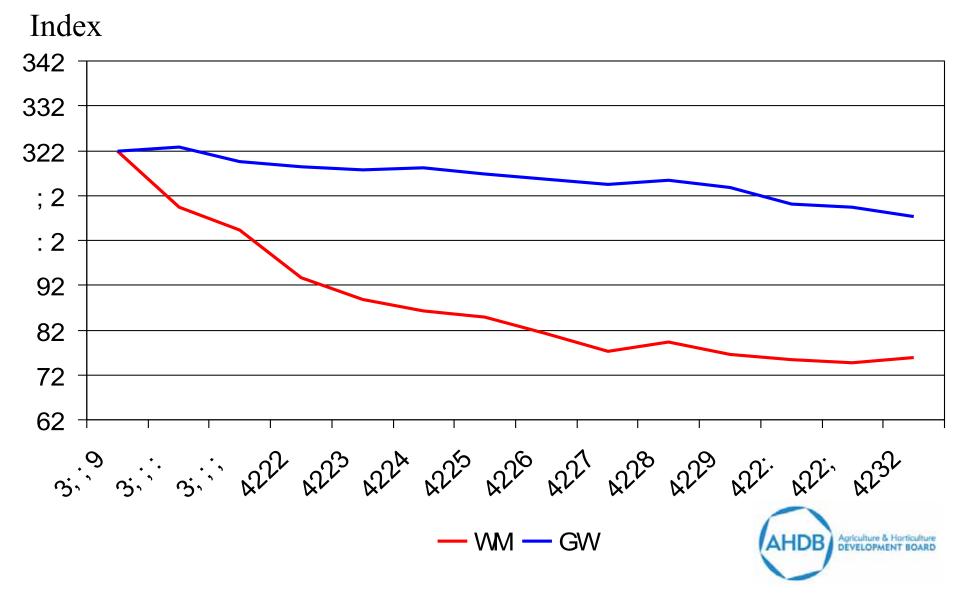
- We have a long history of legislation and farming practice to protect the welfare of the animals in our care
- Most recently a unilateral ban in gestation stalls was enacted in the UK in 1999 – against the will of most pig farmers



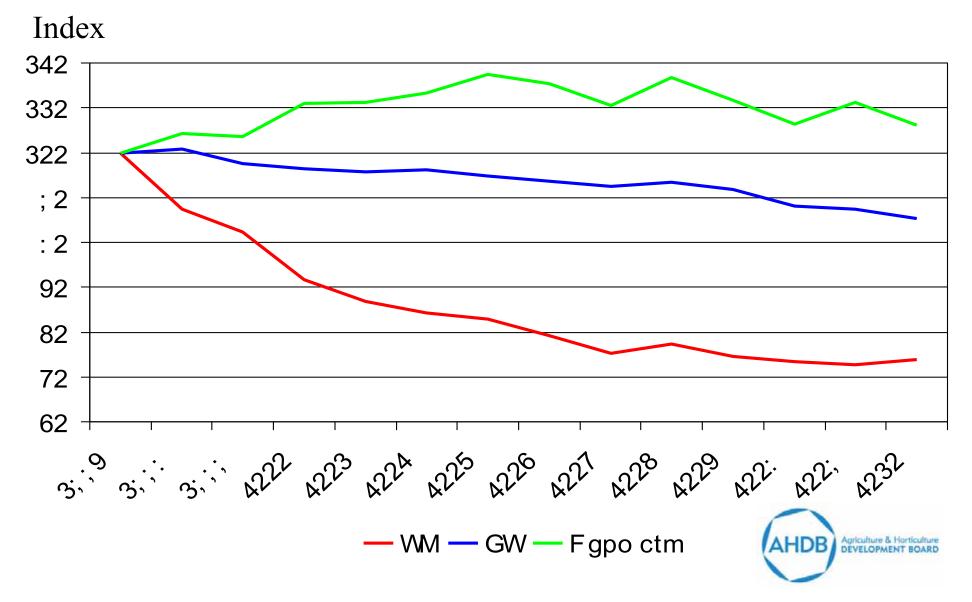












Pig Welfare – Words Count

 Animals, including farm animals, are formally recognised as "sentient beings" in fundamental EU legislation (Treaty of Lisbon, December 2009)

- In short this means that animals are recognised as being capable of feeling things
- This has subsequently been interpreted by animal activist groups as animals "have feelings"
- The result is that animal activist groups have drawn up a long agenda aimed at changing farming practices or even the elimination of conventional animal agriculture



Pig Welfare – Current Agenda

- Tethering of gestating sows banned in EU from 2006
- Conventional cages for laying hens banned in EU from 2012

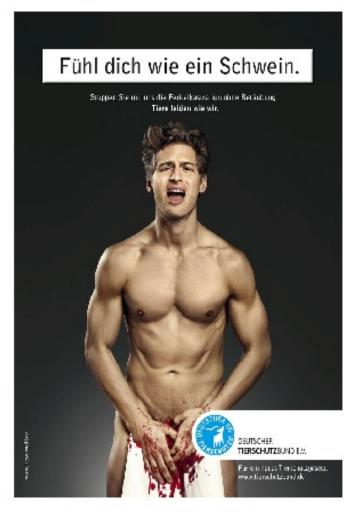
- Gestation stalls banned in EU from 2013 (except for 4 weeks after mating)
- Castration subject to voluntary initiatives at present with various declarations to modify / phase out its use in time
- Supported by the EU Commission in its declaration of December 2010 http://ec.europa.eu/food/animal/welfare/farm/initiatives_en.htm
- Subject of high profile campaigns by activist groups





... between ideals ...





"Feel like a pig"

Campaign of Deutscher Tierschutzbund against pigletcastration.



- Environmental enrichment is a requirement of legislation but the methods employed by farmers are being challenged
- Tail reduction

- Teeth clipping/grinding
- Farrowing crates
- Flooring systems, especially fully slatted flooring



Pig Welfare – Current Agenda

• It's a question of how fast the agenda progresses rather than if

- The political system in some EU countries can result in greater representation of animal activist groups (Partij voor de Dieren – Party for the Animals has two seats in the Dutch House of Representatives)
- The European Parliament is becoming more important making it easier for single issue groups to get a voice
- Activist groups are getting more international and more organised



Where will it end?



